

# Homework # 3

(Due Date: June 27th @ 2pm)  
Presentation is very important!

## PROBLEM 1 (10 PTS)

One period of the DTFS coefficients is given by:

$$x[k] = (1/3)^{2k}, \quad 0 \leq k \leq 8.$$

- What is the fundamental period 'N' of the time-domain signal  $x[n]$ ? (2)
- Using MATLAB®, plot  $x[k]$  for three periods. Plot the magnitude and the phase spectra. (3)
- Find the time-domain signal  $x[n]$  (provide  $x[n]$  as a function of 'n'). Plot  $x[n]$  for three periods. (5)

## PROBLEM 2 (20 PTS)

Identify the appropriate Fourier representation (FT, DTFT, FS, DTFS) for each of the following signals. If the signals are periodic, provide the fundamental period and the fundamental angular frequency

a) $x[n] = \cos((6\pi/13)n + \pi/3)$	e) $x(t) = \sin((\pi/5)t)$
b) $x[n] = \exp(j(\pi/4)n)$	f) $x(t) = \cos((\pi/3)t + \pi/5)$
c) $x(t) = \cos(t/6)$	g) $x[n] = \delta[n+2] + \delta[n-4]$
d) $x(t) = e^{1-t} u(-t + 2)$	h) $x[n] = (3/8)^n u[n-3]$

Once you identified the appropriate Fourier representation, use the defining equation to obtain the DTFS coefficients, the FS coefficients, the DTFT, or the FT.

## PROBLEM 3 (15 PTS)

Use the defining equation for the DTFT to evaluate the frequency-domain representations of the following signals. You must show the procedure.

- $x[n] = (3/5)^n (u(n-4) - u(n+4))$
- $x[n] = b^{|n|}, \quad |b| < 1$
- $x[n] = 2\delta[5 - 3n]$
- $x[n] = (1/4)(\delta[n] + 3\delta[n-1] + 2\delta[n-2] + \delta[n-3])$
- $x[n] = 2 + e^{-3n}$

## PROBLEM 4 (15 PTS)

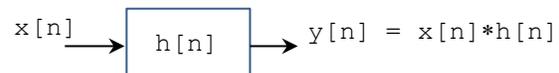
Determine the time-domain signals corresponding to the following DTFTs. You must show the procedure.

- $X(e^{j\Omega}) = \sin(2\Omega) + j\cos(2\Omega)$  (3.5)
- $X(e^{j\Omega}) = 3\sin(4\Omega)$  (3.5)
- $X(e^{j\Omega}) = (1/2)e^{-j\Omega/2}, \quad -\pi \leq \Omega < \pi.$   $X(e^{j\Omega})$  is given for the indicated period. (4)
- $X(e^{j\Omega}) = \cos(\Omega) + \sin(\Omega/2), \quad -\pi \leq \Omega < \pi.$   $X(e^{j\Omega})$  : given for the indicated period. (4)

## PROBLEM 5 (15 PTS)

The following LTI system has an input described by:

$$x[n] = \sin((5\pi/7)n + \pi/8)$$



The Fourier representation of the impulse response  $h[n]$  is given by:  $H[k] = ke^{-k}$ , on  $0 \leq k \leq N-1$ .

- Determine the period 'N' of the signal  $x[n]$ . (2)
- Determine the DTFS coefficients  $X[k]$ . (5)
- Obtain the frequency domain representation  $Y[k]$  of the output signal  $y[n]$ . (4)
- Using MATLAB, plot  $X[k]$ ,  $H[k]$ , and  $Y[k]$  for three periods. Plot the magnitude and the phase spectra. (4)

### PROBLEM 6 (10 PTS)

Use the properties of Fourier representation (e.g., time-differentiation, convolution, time-shift, frequency-shift) to find the FT of:

$$y(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \{e^{-4t}u(t-5) * e^{-2t}u(t-3)\}$$

Note: '\*' denotes convolution.

Hint: It might help you that the FT of  $e^{-at}u(t)$  is  $1/(a+j\omega)$

### PROBLEM 7 (15 PTS)

Given the following DTFS pair ( $\Omega = \pi/10$ ):

$$x[n] = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{11\pi}{20}n\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{20}n\right)} \xleftrightarrow{\text{DTFS; } \pi/10} X[k]$$

Evaluate the time-domain signal  $y[n]$  for the following DTFS coefficients  $Y[k]$ . These DTFS coefficients  $Y[k]$  happen to have a relationship with the DTFS coefficients  $X[k]$ . You can use properties of the DTFS.

- a)  $Y[k] = (1/2)(X[k-4] + X[k+4])$
- b)  $Y[k] = 3X[k-2]$
- c)  $Y[k] = X[k] (*)X[k]$ , where  $(*)$  denotes periodic convolution.